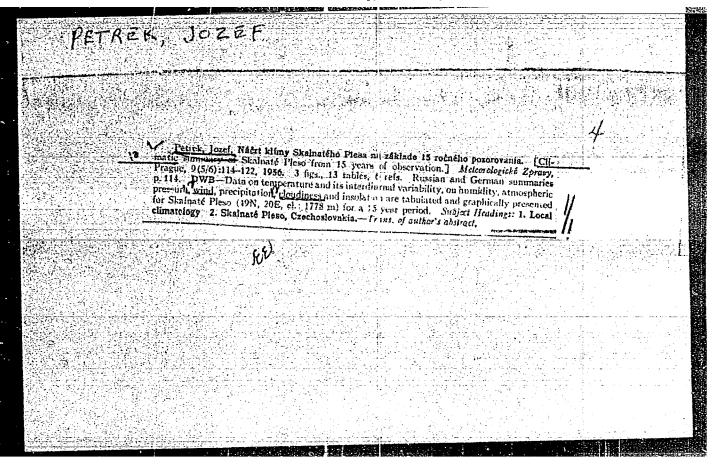
GOLDA, V.; PETREK, J.; LISONEK, P.

The somatotopical afferent projection of the limbs into the motor cortex in the cat. Acta physiol..acad. sci. Hung. 28 no. 3:277-286 65.

1. Laboratory of Higher Nervous Activity and Department of Anatomy, Palacky University, Olomouc, Czechoslovakia.



CIA-RDP86-00513R001240 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000 STREET, DESCRIPTION OF STREET, STREET,

PETREANU,

RUFANIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. Industrial Organic Syn-H-15

thesis.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 78566.

Author : Taussig, S., Petreanu, F.

: Not given. Inst

: A Study of the Chemical Equilibrium in Esterification Reactions, With the Production of Tech-Title nically Important Esters. II. The System Meth-

anol (Ethanol) - Acetic Acid - Methyl (Ethyl)

Acetate - Water.

Orig Pub: Studii si secretari stiint. Acad. RPR. Baga Tim-

isoara, Ser. stiinte chim., 1956, 3, No 1-2,

103-111.

Abstract: The chemical equilibria in the esterification re-

actions (E) of methanol (I) and ethanol (II) with

Card 1/4

RUMANIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and H-15 Their Applications. Industrial Organic Synthesis.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 78566.

Abstract: acetic acid (III), with the formation of the corresponding esters (equimolecular amounts of alcohols and III at the boiling point of the mixtures) were studied. The experiments were carried cut using different amounts of the sulfuric acid (IV) (0.5-29%) and water as the diluent (0-50%). The equilibrium takes place after boiling for one hour and does not depend upon the concentration of IV. At the equilibrium, both systems form a homogeneous solution. Upon the addition of IV, the mixture is heated and a partial E takes place, and by the addition of large amounts of IV, reaches 97% at equilibrium. The losses of IV amounted to 20%, due to the oxidation of the impurities

Card 2/4

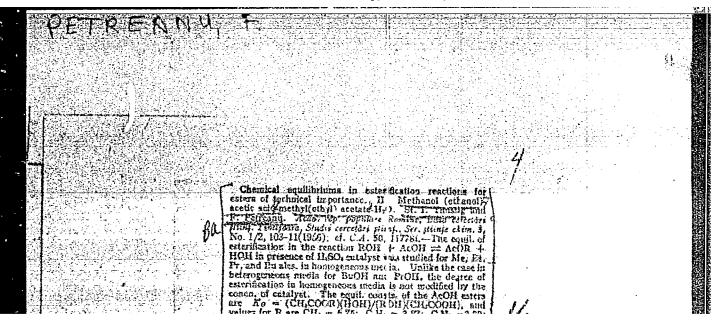
1

RUMANIA / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and H-15 Their Applications. Industrial Organic Synthesis.

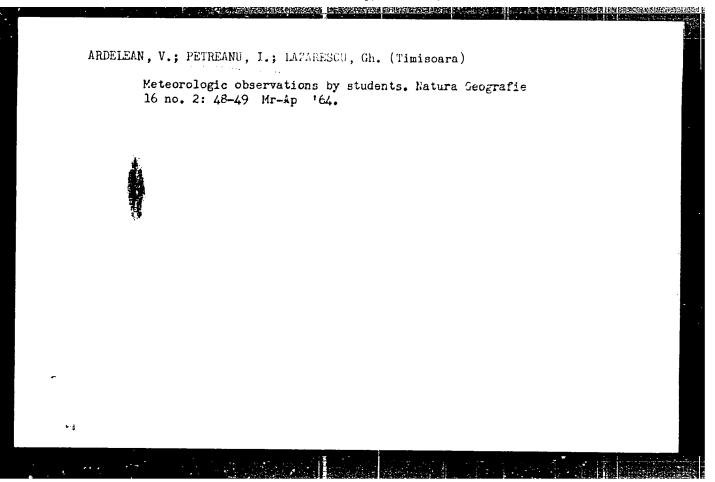
Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 78566.

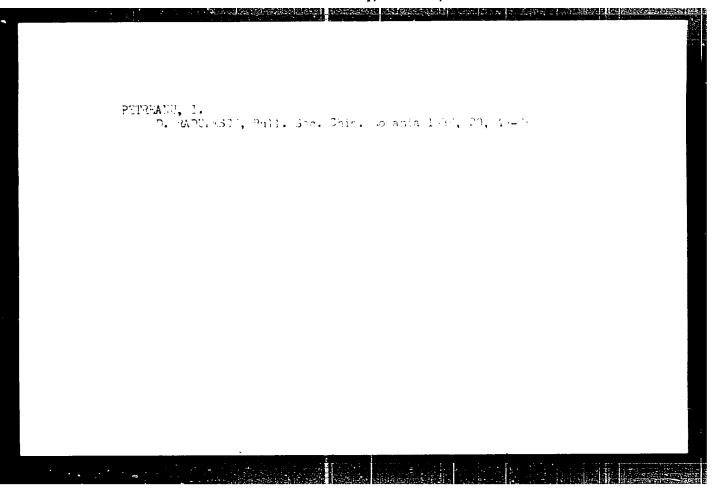
Abstract: which depend on the degree of purity of the reagent. It was shown that IV acts only as a catalyst. The phenomenon also occurs when the concentration of IV is below 1%. The average value of the degree of E for I was 70.5% at 63-64°C, which corresponds to the equilibrium constant (K) of 5.75; for II it was 66.56% (at 78-82°C.), which corresponds to a K of 3.87. The determination of K for the systems n-C₃H₇OH (V) — III, and n-C₄H₉OH (VI) — III was carried out with excess alcohol (molecular ratio if alcohol: III is 2:1) to obtain a homogeneous solution at the equilibrium. The boiling point of the equilibrium mixture V — III is 85°C. and the concentration of

Card 3/4



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001240 THE REAL PROPERTY. PETREANU, FLORICA Chemical equilibria in esterification reactions of teihnitally important estera. The system bulanol-acetic scidbuly important estera. The system bulanol-acetic scidbuly is acetate-water. Steian I. Tautis and Florica Petraus. Acad. rep. populare Romine [Timisoara]. Mailicared fising. 1, No. 1/1, 83-98(1954) [French summary].— The system BnOH-AcOH-BnOAc-H₂O was studied at 92-4° with varying amis. of H₂SO, equil, is estained within 1 hr. with most of the ester formed before boiling starts. The degree of esterification increases with increase in the amit. of H₂SO, within the given limits. A diagram showing the correlation between degree of esterification, H₂SO, conen., and aq. diln. is given. The equil. const. depends on distribution coeffs. As the equil, is shifted by removal of H₂O, the optimum amit. of H₂SO, depends upon the corrent of oxidizable impurities in the system and can be detted, by the acidity in H₂O. APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0012





MAIER, N., Dr.; LENGHEL, L., dr.; MARGINEANU, C., dr.; PETREANU, R., dr.; PANEA, E., dr.; CIUPE, M., dr.

Epidemiological and immunological role of natural sources of water in conditions of specific contamination. Rev. igiena microb. epidem., Bucur. Vol.3:19-35 July-Sept 55.

1. Lucrare executatu in Institutul de Igiena, filiala Cluj si Filiala Cluj a Inst Dr. I Cantacuzino.

(WATER SUPPLY

contamination by sewage & waste from indust. plants causing epidemics of dysentery, typhoid & paratyphoid fever, in Rumania.

(SEVAGE

contamination of river water supply causing epidemics of dysentery, typhoid & paratyphoid fever, in Rumania.

(TYPHOID FRVER, epidemiol. transm. by contamination of water supply by sewage, epidemiol. & immunol. study in Rusania.

(PARATYPHOID FEVERS, epidemiol.

(SAMB)

(DYSENTERY caused by contamination of water supply by sewage, epidemiol. & immunol. study in Rumania.

ZOLOTOWITSKIY, Ye.H. (Reuteve Meskevskey eblasti); PETRAKOW, I.S. (Reuteve Neskevskey eblasti).

Activity of the mathematics study section of the Mescew District Institute for the Improvement of Teachers in the academic year 1955-56. Nat. v shkele ne.5:82-85 S-0 '56. (MIRA 9:10) (Moscew--Teachers, Training of)

GOLDA, V.; PETREK, J.; LISONEK, P.

Extent of the motor cortex in the posterior sigmoid gyrus in the cat. Acta physiol. acad. sci. Hung, 24 no.1:95-100 '63.

estacratical and arrestory beautiful to the circle production and arrangements

1. Laboratory of Higher Nervous Activity and Department of Anatomy, Palacky University, Olomouc, Czechoslovakia.

(CEREBRAL CORTEX)

(BRAIN ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY)

(ANATOMY)

PETREK, J.

SCIENCE

Periodicals: METECROLOGICKE ZPRAVY. Vol. 11, no. 4/5, Oct. 1958

PETREK, J. Winds at Skalnate Fleso during the years 1946-1955. p. 85

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EnAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 5, May 1959, Unclass .

COMPRESSOR RESIDENCE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

PETREX, J.

PETREK, J. Outline of the climate of the Skainate Pleso Lake area based on a 15-year observation. p. 111. Vol. 9, no. 5/6, Dec. 1956.
METEOROLOGICKE ZPAVY. Praha, Czechoslovakia.

SOURCE: EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS LIST (EEAL) VOL 6 NO 4 APRIL 1957

GOLDA, V.; PETREK, J.; LISONEK, P.

Somatotopic projection of the extremities into the motor cortex of the cat. Acta nerv. sup. (Praha) 6 no.41397-399 '64.

1. Laborator vyssi nervove cinnosti a anatomicky ustav lekarske fakulty Palackeho University, Olomouc.

GOLDA, V.; PETREK, J.; LISONEK, P.

Extraprimary evoked potentials 'n cerebral cortex of the cat at optical stimulation. Mctiv. nerv. sup. (Praha) 7 no.2:154-155 '65

Cortical potentials induced by acoustical stimulation in cats in a chronic experiment. Ibid.:156-157

1. Medical Faculty, Palackeho University, Olomouc, Lab. of Higher Hervous Activity and Department of Anatomy. 2. J.Petrek's address: Olomouc, Enevotinska 3.

12970-05

ACC NR. AP6005646

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0079/65/007/002/0154/0155

AUTHOR: Golda, V.; Petrek, Jei Ideonek, P.

ORG: Laboratory of Higher Nervous Activity, Medical School, Palacky University, TITIE: Extraprimary evoked potentials in cerebral cortex of the cat upon optical stimulation [This paper was presented at the Third Interdisciplinary Conference on Experimental and Clinical Study of Higher Nervous Functions held in Marianske Lazne from 19 to 23 October 1964.]

SCURCE: Activitas nervosa superior, v. 7, no. 2, 1965, 154-155 TOPIC TAGS: cerebral cortex, experiment animal, light biologic effect, EEG, electrophysiology

Light stimulation was carried out with flashes of 0.25 msec at one sec. intervals. 4 cats with 22 epidurally implanted electrodes were used in the experiments. E.P. were recorded on an oscilloscope. EEG was continually traced. Primary EP in the gyrus lateralis had a latency of 16 msec. Short-latency optical Potentials can be traced in cortical regions, including the gyrus moideus anterior and posterior, and in the gyruslateralis anterior.
Dispersed elements of the optical analysor are found in all parts of the cerebral cortex. In extraprimary cortical responses, the amoapico-dendritic transsynaptic transmission predominates over the axo-somatic one. In the center cortical field the axo-somatic Cord 1/2

L 12970-00

ACC NR. AP6005616

transmission is accentuated. Mechanism of cooperation of analysors and the

restitution of sensoric functions after partial cortex ablation are discussed.

Orig. art. has: 1 figure. JPRS/

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000 CIA-RDP86-005 CIA-RDP86-00513R00124 SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 001 / OTH REF: 007

THE RESERVE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

L 12967-66

ACC NR: AP6005647

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0079/65/007/002/0156/0157

AUTHOR: Petrek, J.; Golda, V.; Lisonek, P.

ORG: Laboratory of Higher Nervous Activity, Department of Anatomy, Medical Faculty, Palacky University, Olomouc

TITLE: Cortical potentials induced by acoustical stimulation in cats in chronic experiments [This paper was presented at the Third Interdisciplinary Conference on Experimental and Clinical Study of Higher Nervous Functions held in Marianske Lazne from 19 to 23 October 1964]

SOURCE: Activitas nervosa superior, v. 7, no. 2, 1965, 156-157

TOPIC TAGS: cerebral cortex, electrophysiology experiment animal, acoustic biologic effect

ABSTRACT: Experiments were carried out on freely moving cats with chronically implanted recording epidural electrodes. Even in areas outside the primary projection area, responses of short latency induced by acoustic stimulation can be recorded. The responses are formed by low-voltage positivity, followed by negativity with larger amplitude. Latency depends on the stape of EP. The amplitude of individual components and the shape of EP are influenced by the overall condition of the animal. Some part of the afferent fibers comes into the area of analysors from the subcortical structures. Short latencies of extraprimary EP indicate that the afferent pathways are oligosynaptic. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. /JPRS/SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 005 / SOV REF: 003

The lease to the second ELECTION

AUTHOR:

Petrenchuk, O.P.

36-72-2/13

TITLE:

Special Features of the Vertical Structure of Anticyclones

(Nekotoryye osobennosti vertikal'nogo stroyeniya antitsiklonov)

HERICOICAL: Trudy Glavnoy geofizicheskoy observatorii, 1957, Nr 72, pp. 19-32

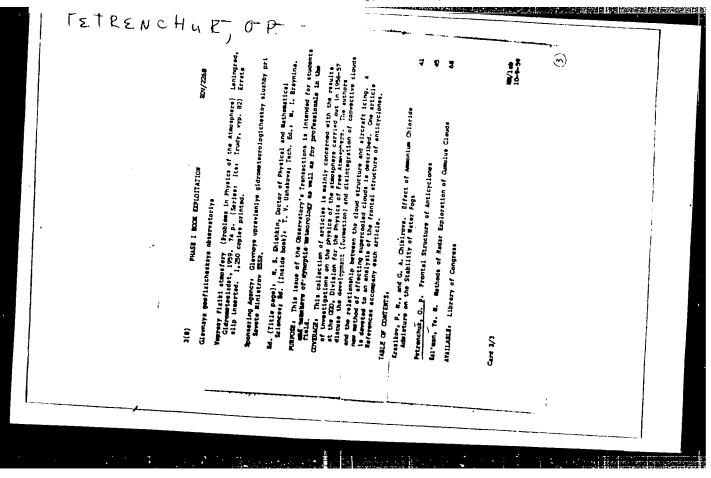
(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The nature of the vertical structure in anticyclones is of great practical importance since they are the cause of scorching dry winds and droughts. The occurrence of inversion and stable layers, which prevent the development of thermal and dynamic turbulences, affects the character of clouds and precipitation and the emergence of stable fogs. These problems of inversion and of stable layers have not yet been satisfactorily solved. The writer arrives at the following conclusions, among others: 1) Changes in specific humidity with altitude do not cause temperature inversion in anticyclones. A better air-synoptic analysis and greater precision in air-sounding may result in more reliable data. 2) Unless the descending masses become very large, inversion in anticyclones cannot be caused by displacements alone. 3) The structure of stable layers in summer and

Card 1/2

winter anticyclones differ in the magnitude of the vertical temperature



lercivelier, C.1.

PEASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

BOV/3789 **SOV**/2-M-93

- Leningrad. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya imeni A.I. Voyeykova
- Vaprosy fiziki atmosfery (Problems in Physics of the Atmosphere) Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1959. 113 p. (Series: Its: Trudy, vyp. 93) 1,200 copies printed.
- Sponsoring Agency: UBSR. Sovet Ministrov. Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy slukby.
- Ed. (Title page): Ye.S. Selezneva, Candidate of Physics and Mathematics; Ed. (Inside book): M.M. Yasnogorodskaya; Tech. Ed.: A.M. Sergeyev.
- PURPOSE: This publication is intended for specialists in meteorology, aerology, and meteorological instrumentation.
- COVERAGE: This collection of twelve articles contains the results of studies done under the suspices of the Glavnaya geofisicheskaya observatoriya imeni A.I. Voyeykova (Main Geophysical Observatory imeni A.I. Voyeykov). The first six articles give the results of aerological investigations of clouds, and the structure of anticyclones and local winds. The last six articles cover the Card 1/6

Card 2/6

Problems in Physics of the Atmosphere

80V/3789

trajectory of particles. With the use of this formula a theoretical model of the pressure tendency field is computed. The theoretical model is compared with the actual pressure tendency field.

Vasil'chenko, I.V. The Problem of a Stationary Convective Current Different theories of several meteorologists concerning the problem of stationary convection current are analyzed. An attempt is made to arrive at a generally acceptable solution to this problem by solving a system of free convection equations, assuming that there is a power function relationship between the turbulence coefficient of the convective current and the altitude of the current source.

Meshcherskaya, A.V. Some Data on Vertical Velocities Near Mountain Passes

The author evaluates the magnitude of downward air currents near mountain passes as well as the characteristic of a transitional zone between air currents moving in different directions.

Card 3/6

29

37

Problems in Physics of the Atmosphere	sov/3 789
On the basis of statistical analysis, the author distribution of the horizontal temperature continuous of stable layers and inversions according the stage of development of anticyclones.	r describes the rast as well as the
Dergach, A.L. Effect of Radiation Fog on the Develorersion The author analyzes some experimental data obtain fog in the region of Dixon Island in 1956. The conclusion that radiation inversions in the air are of a local character. Radiation fog, however on the evolution of the inversion.	56 Ined by sounding the analysis leads to the layer near the ground
methodin, G.P. Measuring the Ozone Content From Air The author outlines the methods and describes the measuring the general ozone content from an air were made by the optical method using an ozonome Results of the first eleven soundings in the Len 1957-1958 are given. The data obtained are compressurements of ozone content made in the same rabobson's spectrophotometer.	ne equipment used in clane. Measurements eter with filters. Language region in pared with ground

Problems in Physics of the Atmosphere **sov/3789** Korchigina, K.K., V.I. Myukhkyurya, and T.A. Smirnova. Distribution of Brightness Over the Day and Night Sky 95 The suthors give data on observations made during the summer of 1958 in Voyeykovo with an electrophotometer with a FEU-19 photomultiplier. A brief analysis of results is given. Gushchin, G.P. Basic Tables for Calculating the General Atmospheric Ozone Content by Optical Observations 104 The article contains the tables used by the ozonometric stations in the USSR. AVAILABLE: Library of Congress Card 6/6 JA/cdw/mas 7-29-60

L 12766-63 EWT(1)/EDS ASD/AFFTC/ESD-3 RB

\$/169/63/000/004/005/017

AUTHOR:

Drozdova, V. M., Petrenchuk, O. P., Selezneva, Ye. S.

TITLE:

The chemical composition of atmospheric precipitation as determined by investigations during the IGY and the International Geophysical Cooperation

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 4, 1963, abstract 4B120 (Sb. materialy konferentsly po itogam MGG (1960) i meteorol. izuch. Antaraktidy (1959). M. Gidrometeoizdat, 1961, 187-206)

During the IGY samples of atmospheric precipitation were taken systematically at 13 meteorological stations located in maritime, continental, and high-altitude regions of the USSR then sent to Leningrad for analysis. A total of 1,080 samples were analyzed; these included 246 summary monthly samples and 834 individual samples. SON, C1, NO3, HCO3 anions, NA7, NH, Mg**, Ca** cations, and also the pH were determined in these analyses. Annual charts as well as seasonal charts were compiled for each component. The relative prevalence of anions in decreasing order was SON, HCO3 C1 NO3; for high-altitude and Central Asian stations

L 12766-63
The chemical composition of atmospheric precipitation...

BC0-7 50 77

Na[†] Ca^{††} K[†] Mg[†]; and for continental stations Ca^{††} Na[†] K[†] Mg^{††}.

Differences in annual concentrations of SO₁ in precipitation were discovered in the charts: the concentration was minimal in the north and the northwest the winter than in the summer. The Cl⁻ concentration was greater in the sea and in the winter. The nitrogen concentration was greater close to between 1 to 1.5 mg/l; the average annual pH value was 5.5 to 6.0 almost everywhere; some increase toward the south was noted in individual samples. The calculated on the basis of these data. It was found that up to 10 - 15 kg/ha of 15 - 20 kg/ha; Cl -- 5 to 7 kg/ha; nitrogen -- 3 to 5 kg/hs. The Cl⁻/Na and SO₁--/Cl⁻ ratios were also determined; it was found that the first ratio

Card 2/3

L 12766-63

S/169/63/000/004/005/017

The chemical composition of atmospheric precipitation ...

was less than one for the entire European Part of the USSR, the second was equal to 2 at maritime stations and was larger inside the country. An analysis of all the data disclosed seasonal changes in the content of all admixtures in precipitation, the influence of continental sources for contamination of the atmosphere, and an increase in admixtures of marine origin in the maritime regions. There were 21 references.

Abstracter's note: Complete translation.

Card 3/3

PETRENCPUK, O.P.

Variation in the composition of atmospheric precipitation in the Sverdlovak region as dependent on meteorological conditions.

Trudy GGO no.141:28-35 *63. (MIRA 17:4)

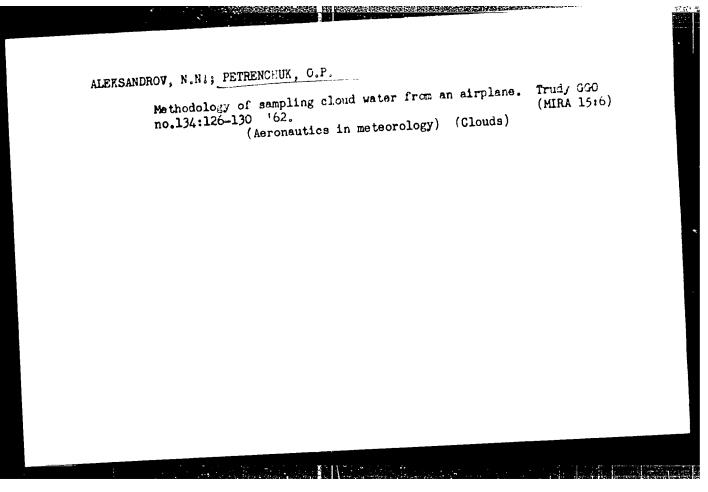
A VERSON CONTRACTOR IN CONTRACTOR REPROPERTY.

PETRENCHUK, O.P.; SELEZNEVA, Ye.S.

Variation in the concentration of principal chemical impurities in precipitation as a function of meteorological conditions.

(MIRA 15:6)

(Precipitation (Meteorology))



DROZDOVA, V.M.; PETRENCHUK, O.P.; SVISTOV, P.F.

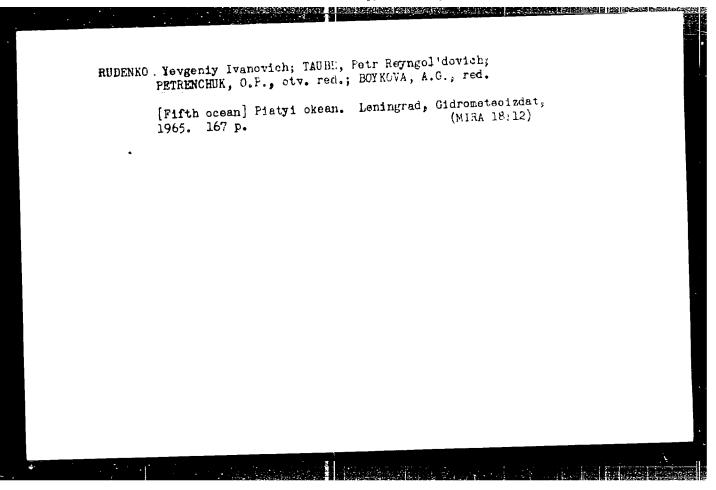
Some data on the composition of cloud water. Trudy GGO no.134:
(MIRA 15:6)

(Clouds)

DROZDOVA, Valentina Mikhaylovna; PEMENCHUK, Ol ga Petrovna; SELEZHEVA, Yevgeniya Semenovna; S. ISTOV, Petr Filippovich; Kai ITANETS, Ye.F., red.

[Chemical composition of the atmospheric precipitation in the European territory of the U.S.S.R.] Khimicheskii səstav atmosfernykh osadkov na Evropeiskoi territorii SSSR. [By] V.M.Drozdova i dr. Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1964. 209 p. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Otdel aerologicheskikh issledovaniy Glavnoy geofizicheskoy observatorii (for all except Kapitanets).



PETRENCHUK, O. P.; LAVRENKO, R. F.; DREZDOVA, B. M.; BELASHOVA, M. A.

"On the chemical composition of cloud water."

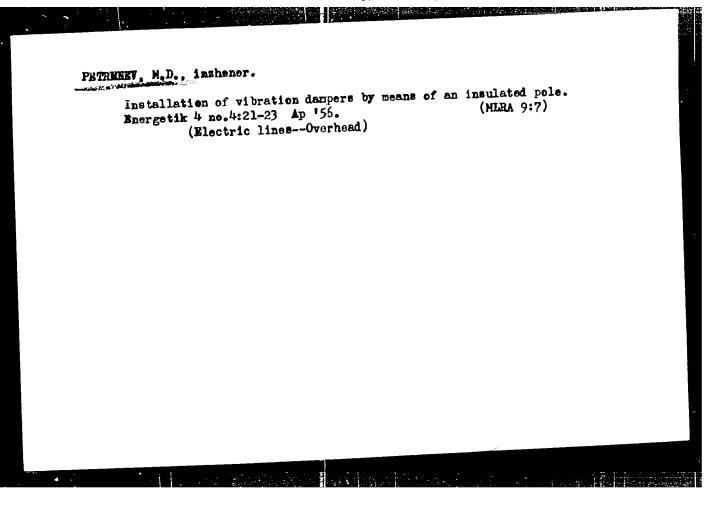
Paper to be presented at the Symposium on Atmospheric Chemistry, Circulation and Aerosols, Visby, Sweden, 18-25 Aug 1955.

Hydrometeorological Service USSR.

PETRENCHUK, O. P.; DROZDOVA, V. M.; BELYASHOVA, M. A.; LAVRINENKO, R. F.

"On Chemical Composition of Cloud Water."

report presented at mtg of Comm on Atmospheric Chemistry and Radioactivity of the Intl Assn of Meteorology & Atmospheric Physics, Visby, Sweden, 18-25 Aug. 1965.



1, Think of a 1.

15-57-1-118

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 1,

p 17 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Petreneva, N. I.

TITLE:

Devonian Brachiopods From Molotov Kama Region

ASSR (Brakhiopody devona Molotovskogo and Udmurt

Prikam'ya i Udmurskoy ASSR)

PERIODICAL:

Tr. Vses. neft. n-i. geol-razved. in-ta, 1955, Nr 88,

pp 263-295

ABSTRACT:

Brachiopods of 52 species and 16 genera were classified with a different degree of accuracy (cf., aff., ex jr.) in 29 samples obtained from drill holes. The limestone-lead and the Biysk layers, most clearly developed

in the Krasnokamsk, Severokamsk and Polazna, and constituting parts of the Zhivetskiy yarus (stage), were more or less completely determined by their brachiopod content. The upper Zhivetskiy ped yarus (substage) is absent

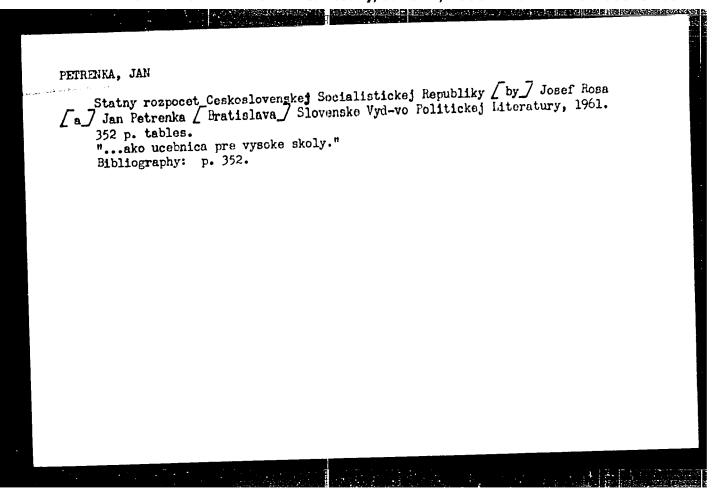
Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R001240 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

15-57-1-118

Devonian Brachiopods (Cont.)

this district, and the Upper Devonian Pashya strata lie directly on the Biysk or on the older deposits. In the Frankian stage, brachiopods are found in the Pashiyskiye (rarely), Kynovskiye (especially rich in the brachiopods) and the Sargayvskiye Domanikovskiye, Mendymskiye and Aksynskiye sloi (strat). The Famennian stage represented by limestones and dolomites with layers of anhydrite, contains little fauna and is subdivided into smaller stratigraphic structures. In all, 16 forms are described and illustrated. Card 2/2



The state of the second second

ZUB, G., kand. tekhn. nauk; PETRENKO, A.; ZINOV'YEV, V.; IVANOV, Yu., kand. tekhn. nauk; KUDRIASHOV, N.; DUDOLADOV, Ye.

Information. Avt. transp. 43 no.2:54-60 F '65.

(MIRA 18:6)

1. Direktor Ukrainskogo dorozhno-transportnogo nauchno-issledo-vatel'skogo instituta (for Zub). 2. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut avtomobil'nogo transporta (for Ivanov).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, June 21, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001240

RUMANIA / Farm Animals. Hogs.

Abs Jaur : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 72108

Author : Isianov, S., Petrenko, A.

Title : Our experiments With Pig Feed.

Orig Pub : Rev. Ind. Aliment. Proc. Animale, 1956, No 1, 17-19

Abstract : No abstract

Card : 1/1 - 37 -

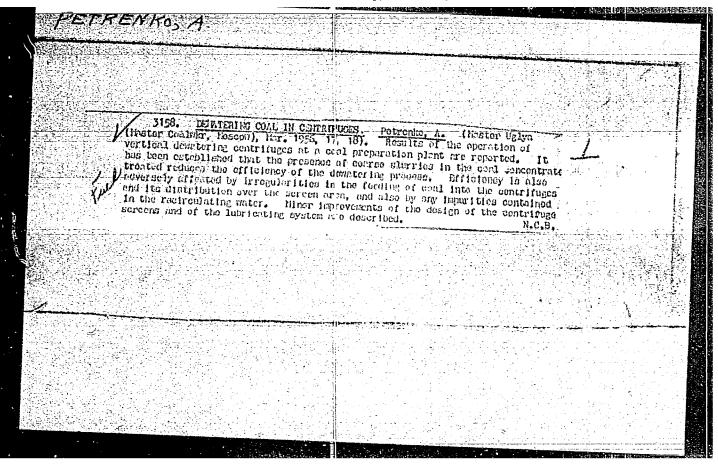
2.51

DEMIDOV, A., kandidat tekhnicheshikh nauk; LUTKIN, N., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; DEMIE, G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; MALIS, A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; PETRENKO, A., inzhener; GERLAKH, L., inzhener; FROLOV, F., inzhener.

Mobile grain-drying unit. Muk.-elev.prom.22 no.12:3-5 D '56. (MLRA 10:2)

1. Vsessoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zerna i produktor ego pererabotki (for Demidov, Lutkin, Demin, Malis and Petrenko). 2. Altayskaya kontora Zagotzerno (for Gerlakh).
3. Tekhnicheskiy otdel Ministerstva khleboproduktov SSSR (for Frolov).

(Grain---Drying)



Achievements of a coal preparation team. Mast. ugl. 4 no.2:1516 F '55. (MLRA 8:6) 1. Nachal'nik obegatitel'noge tsekha Debropel'skoy Tsentral'noy Obegatitel'noy Fabriki. (Debropelye--Coal preparation)

FORTEIRO, A.A.

3661h. Stratigrafiya i Usloviya Zaleganiya Karkonovykh Otlozheniy Yugo-Vouto Ennoy Chasti Yuzhnogo Urala. Izweti a Akol. Bank 555K, bereya 1661., 1949, 6.6,

S0: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, Vol. 50, Yoskva, 1949

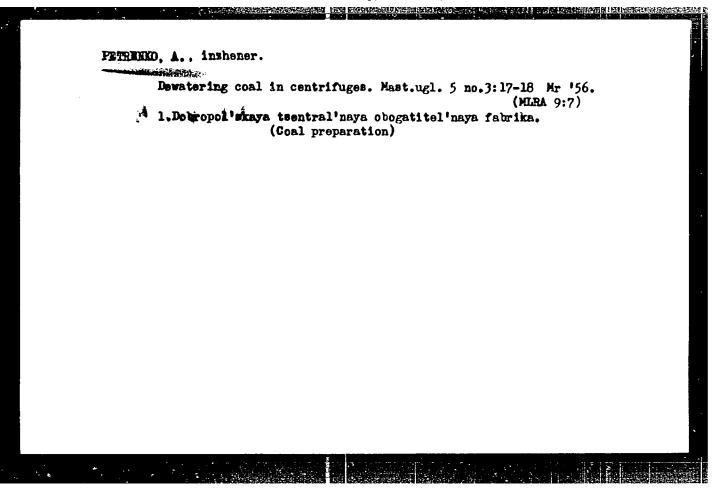
IS'YABOV, S.; PETHEREO, A., glavnyy scetchnik.

Our experience in fattening swine. Miss.inc.SSSR 26 no.5:39-41
'55. (MIRA 9:2)

1.Upravlysyushchiy Kiyevskey oblastney sketcssgotevitel'noy konterey (fer Is'yanev).

(Swine--Feeding and feeding stuffe)

Fire Mic, A.			
V nebo starci f m Rucsiu; no lmise	vi Rojsil. Vespoli e Per juli i _/. No	anila letata (<u>7</u> 75). Pa v., Pornis la t, l	2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
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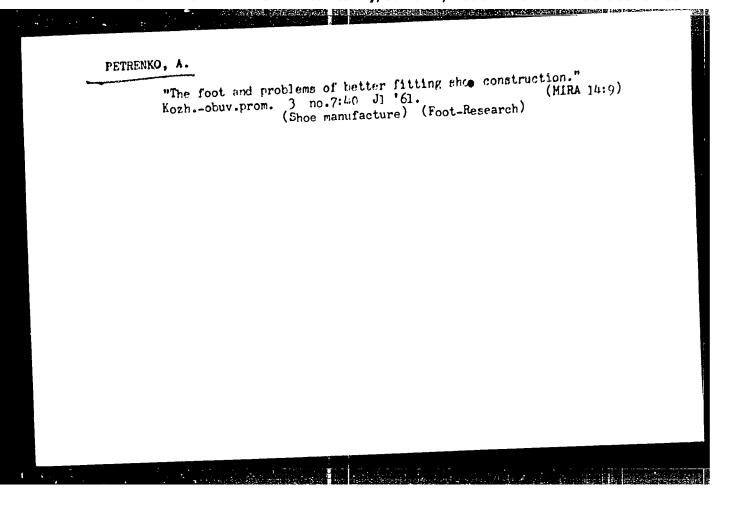


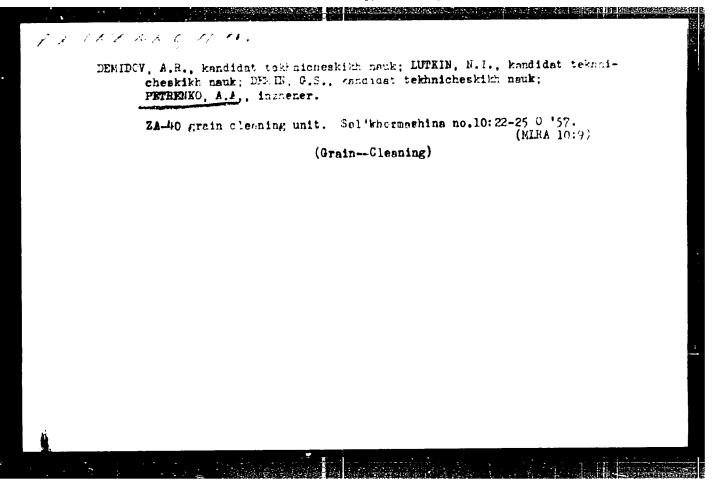
ZABOLOTSKIY, T.; MATEVYEVA, P.; PETRENKO, A.

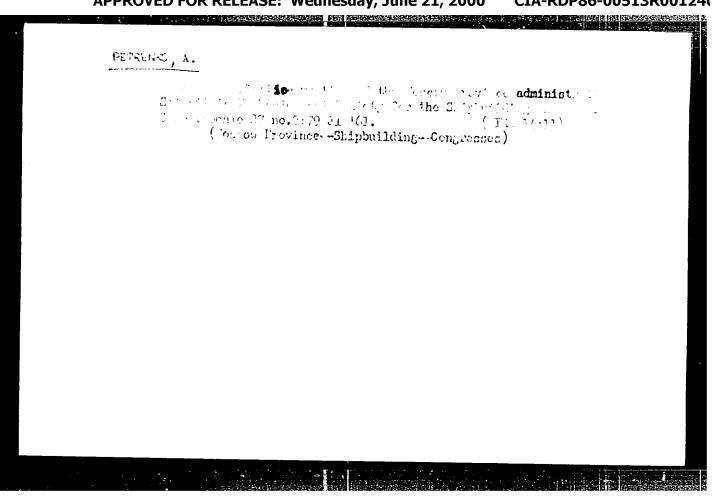
Primary organization of the institute serves enterprises. NTO no.12: 53 D '59 (MIRA 13:3)

1. Chleny Vsesoyuznogo khimicheskogo obshchestva imeni Mendeleyeva Khimiko-metalluricheskogo instituta (g. Novosibirsk).

(Novosibirsk--Research, Industrial)







ISRAYELYAN, M.G.; PETRENKO, A.A.; TEYMURAZYAN, R.A.; KHODZHAYANFS, Yu.M.

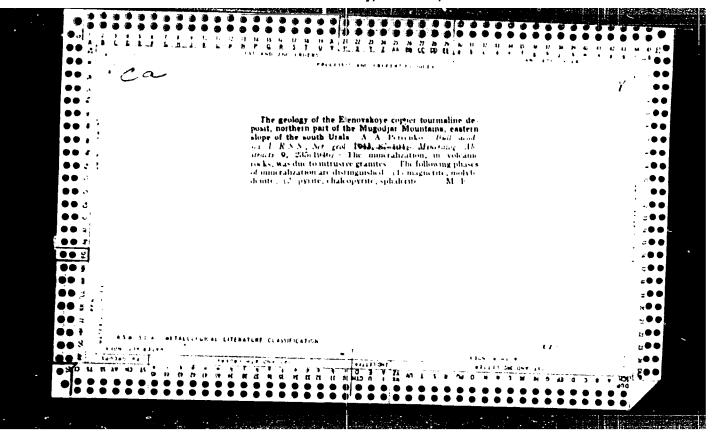
Measuring oxide concentrations in liquid-metal heat carriers.

Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Ser. tekh. nauk 16 no.6:3-10 '63.

(MIRA 17:1)

	/EPF(n)-2/ENG(m)/EPR/SWA(h) Po-4/
T 41371=65 EWT(L)/EEC(m)/EWT(m)/EPF(c) Pq-4/Pr-4/Ps-4/Pu-4/P1-4 WV ACCESSION HR: AP5093057	
AUTHOR: Petrenko, A. A. TITLE: Experience with the use of	ressure and level gages in a fast-
BOURCE: Priborostroyeniye, no. 1.	1965, 23-25 Nuclear reactor, pressure sage
TOPIC TAGS: fast reactor, level of properties for Na and Nak coolant level gages for Na and Nak coolant a gk-5 fast reactor are described. RUM-type radio-wave level gage, de level type radio-wave level gage, de lestitute of Heat- and Power-Enging level gage. 250 to 350C by replacing the gage.	eviously developed pressure and to make them suitable for use in to make them suitable for use in The tomperature range of an
Card 1/2	

ACCESSION NR: APSOURDS ture for an MEM-3-M pressure thus simplifying the gage's steam with Na or NaK. The r suitable for coolant temper development of instruments	andified pressure so	a shows evends in
development of instruments discussed. Orig. art. has:	6 figures.	[BP]
ASSOCIATION: none		SUB CODE: NP, IE
SUBMITTED: 00	OTHER; 001	ATD PRESS: 3168
NO REF SOV: 003	OTHERT -VV-	
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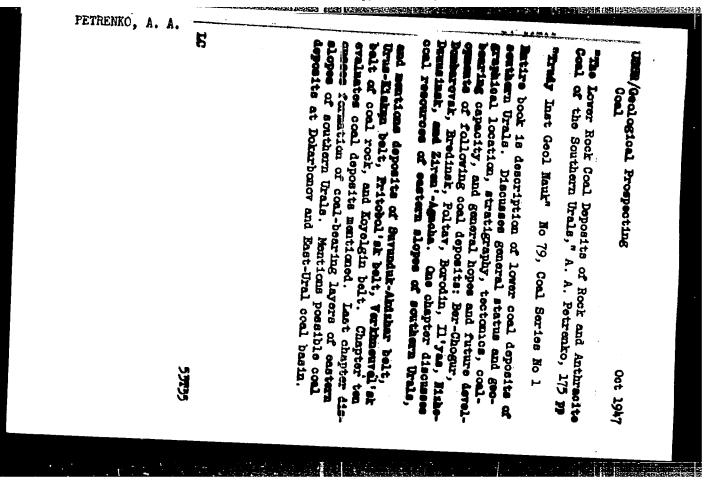
the control of the second control of the sec

PETRENKO , A. A.

Geography &Geology

(Geological structure of the western coast of Novaya Zemlya between Russian Harbor and Archangel Bay) Moskva, Izd-vo Glavsevmorputi, 1945.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, July 19572 Unclassified.



PETRENKO, A. A.

"The role and significance of ancient strata in the tectonic regionalization of the eastern slope of the Southern Urals", Byulleten' Mosk. o-va Ispytateley prirody, otd. geol., 1949, Issue 1, p. 3-37,--Bibliog: 3h items

SO: U-h392, 19 August 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 21, 1949)

PETRENKO, A. A.

PA 152T42

USSR/Geology - Stratification Carboniferous Deposits

Nov/Dec 49

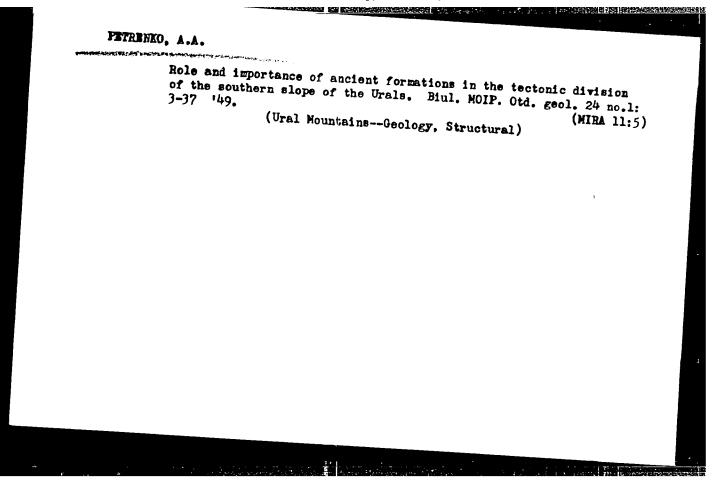
三国共和国人的共和国的政治发展的企业的

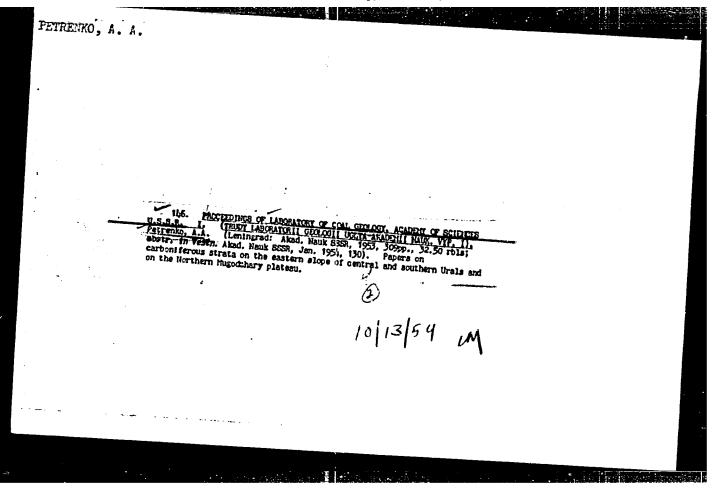
"Stratigraphy and the Conditions Governing the Stratification of Carboniferous Deposits of the Southeastern Part of the Southern Urals," A. A. Petrenko, 24 pp

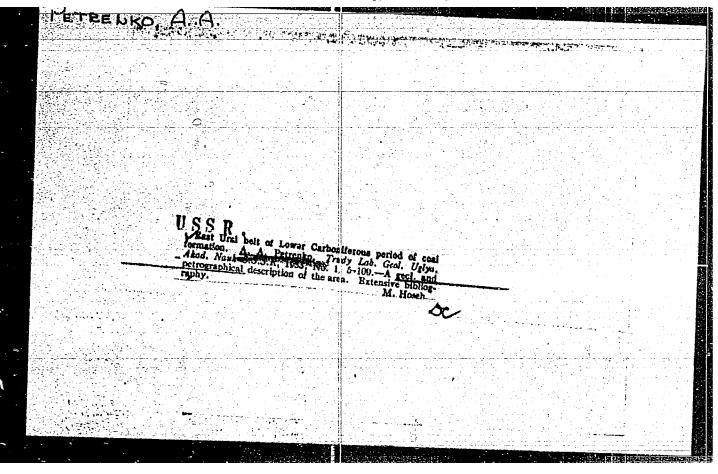
"Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Ser Geol" No 6

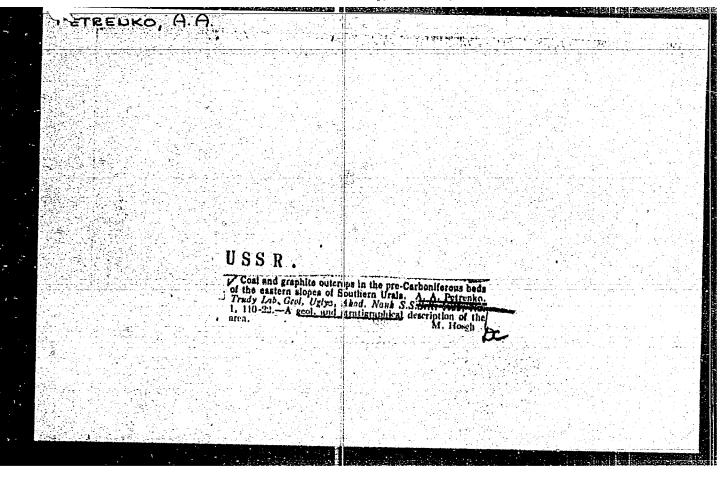
Describes subject deposits, which were not studied until recently. Fundamental characteristic of the occurrence of these deposits is that they are not connected by gradual transitions with Upper Devonian deposits, but lie on the eroded surface of various Paleozoic and pre-Palezoic strata in the form of syncline structures of the superimposed type.

152142

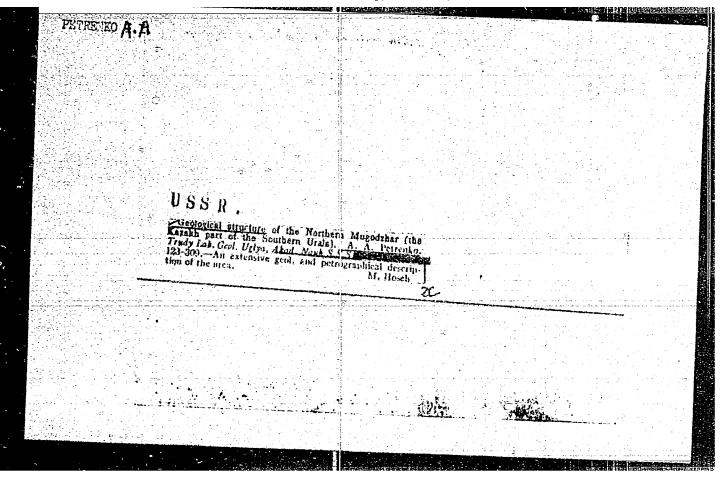








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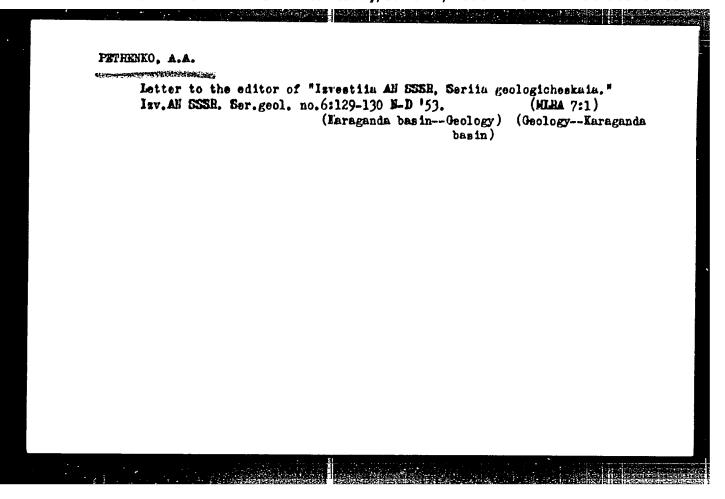
BYKOVA, M.S.; KUSHEV, G.L.; MEDOYEV, G.Ts.; SHLYGIN, Ye.D.; PETRENKO, A.A.;

RITENBERG, M.I.

Concerning A.A.Petrenko and M.I.Ritenberg's article "Conditions of the formation and the age of carboniferous deposits of the Karaganda series in the Karaganda Basin." Izv.AN SSSR. Ser.geol. no.4:125-131 Jl-Ag '53.

(Karaganda Busin-Geology) (Geology-Karaganda Busin)

(Petrenko, A.A.) (Ritenberg, M.I.)



Geotectonic and paleogeographic formations of coal-bearing deposits of the Carboniferous in central Kazakhstan. Trudy Lab.geol.ugl. no.2: 21-62 '54'. (MIRA 8:7) (Kazakhstan--Coal geology) (Kazakhstan--Geology, Structural)

PETRENKO, A.A.

Stratigraphy and age of coal-bearing deposits of the Carboniferous in central Kazakhstan in the light of the most recent investigations.

Trudy Lab.geol.ugl. no.2:93-127 154.

(Kazakhstan-Geology, Stratigraphic) (Kazakhstan-Coal geology)

PETRENKO, A. A. USSR/ining - Petrography Card 1/1 Authors Petrenko, A. A., and Rengarten, N. V. Title Development of phosphates in the lower coal-bearing strata of the Karagandinsk Basin and the Zavyalovsk coal region Periodical Dokl. AN SSSR, 97, Ed. 2, 319 - 322, July 1954 Abstract Report deals in the discovery of phosphates in lower coal-bearing strata of Karagandinsk and Zavyalovsk coal regions. Microscopic study of the phosphorites showed that the latter contain fine quartz grains, traces of fieldspar, silicon, etc. Three references. Institution Acad. of Sc. USSR, Sections of Geological-Geographic Sciences, Coal Presented by : Academician D. V. Nalivkin, Hay 11, 1954

*** TO \$7 YOUR WAR AND SOLE A PRO-

15-57-4-5078 Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 4,

p 145 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Petrenko, A. A.

TITLE:

Structure Tectonics and Paleogeography of Bol'shaya Karaganda . . (Problema Bol'shoy Karagandy i yeye strukturno-tektonicheskoye i paleogeograficheskoye

obosnovaniya)

PERIODICAL:

Tr. Labor. geol. uglya AN SSSR, 1956, Nr 6, pp 478-488

ABSTRACT:

Bol'shaya Maraganda Region is a synclinal flexure 350 to 400 km long. It extends from the sources of the Kulan-Utmes River on the west to the Dzhil'dy-Tau Mountains on the east and runs parallel to the Tekturmasskomyy anticlinorium. The original deformation formed a single syncline and is dated as Caledonian. It was divided by saddle-shaped arches into a number

Card 1/2

Structure Tectonics and Paleogeography (Cont.)

of synclines in the last stages of Hercynian folding; these synclines were completely isolated by later erosion. The existence of new coal-bearing areas in the direction of regression of the Carboniferous sea is possible. These would lie to the west and partly to the southwest of the present boundaries of the Karaganda basin.

Card 2/2

A. I. Ye.

AUTHORS: Petrenko, A. A., Mogalev A Ye 20-119 1.41/52 TITLE: On the Structural-Tectonic Peculiarities of the Yegorshinskaya Carboniferous Zone in the Ural Mountains (C strukturno-tektonicheskikh osobennostyakh Yegorshinskoy uglenosnoy polesy PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademi: Nauk SSSR 1/58 Vol. 119 Nr. pp. 150-153 AD- PRACT: These deposits (Ref 3) show a strong tectonic disturbance. Due to their complication their structure remained undetermined for a long time The closed type of the coal deposit and the lack of geological exploring works which surpass the boundaries of the carboniferous zone rendered the further study of the deposit difficult. A survey of publications on this problem is given (Refs 2 4 5, 8) The occurrence of stigmary grounds of numerous remains of roots interwoven with each other which are vertical to the layers of the coal bed indicates a normal non overturned position of the beds Another important characters are of the exposure is a gradual Card 1/3 e the estation from the carboni.

On the Structural-Tectonic Peculiarities of the Yegorshinskaya Carboniferous Zone in the Ural Mountain.

> ferous Yegorstorskaga bolice to the clac-free Bursunskaya. which lies fartner to Pana of the lithological-facial data indicate that the two limbt mercroned suites belong to a cycle of medimentation which is characterized by fauna and flora of the Vise and partia ly the Namur-stage of the Lower Carbaniferous The two suites have a close genetic connection. The such reduscus against the statements of Ref 7 which revive tie . 42 (Ref 8) already refuted long ago that the position of trise at deposit was overturned toward the east. The confact of the Devonian deposits with the carboniferias whas is everywhere accompanied by a thick zone of highly crushed and crump ad rocks of a thickness up to several doze: meters. Thus this contact is of a distinct ly tectonic nature. From these facts follows that a correct interpretation of the tectonic peculiarities of several carboniferous deposits is of great importance for the understanding of the stratigraphic interrelations of individual parts of the cross section of the carboniferous Carboniferous, their paleogeography and conditions of formation. There are 1 figure and 8 references, 8 of which are Soviet.

Card 2/3

PETRENKO, A.A.

Some regularities in the distribution of Carboniferous coalbearing sediments on the eastern slope of the Urals and in Kazakhstan. Zakon.razm.polezn.iskop. 3:217-226 '60.

(MIRA 14:11)

1. Laboratoriya geologii uglya AN SSSR.
(Ural Mountains—Coal geology)
(Kazakhstan—Coal geology)

PETRENKO, A.A., inch.; SMIRNOV, V.N., inch.

New systems of cinhing operations. Mekh.i avtom.proizv. 15 no.11.
41-43 N :61.

(Minning engineering .-Technological innovations)

the state of the s

VOLKOVA, I.B.; NALIVKIN, D.V.; SLATVINSKAYA, Ye.A.; BOGOMAZOV, V.M.;

GAVRILOVA, O.I.; GUREVICH, A.B.; MUDROV, A.M.; NIKOL'SKIY, V.M.;

OSHURKOVA, M.V.; PETRENKO, A.A.; FOGREBITSKIY, Ye.O.; RITENBERG,

M.I.; BOCHKOVSKIY, F.A.; KIM, N.G.; LUSHCHIKHIN, G.M.; LYUBER,

A.A.; MAKEDONTSOV, A.V.; SENDERZON, E.M.; SINITSYN, V.M.; SHORIN,

V.P.; BELYANKIN, L.F.; VAL'TS, I.E.; VLASOV, V.M.; ISHINA, T.A.;

KONIVETS, V.I.; MARKOVICH, Ye.M.; MOKRINSKIY, V.V.; PROSVIRYAKOVA,

Z.P.; RADCHENKO, O.A.; SEMERIKOV, A.A.; FADDEYEVA, Z.I.; BUTOVA,

Ye.P.; VERBITSKAYA, Z.I.; DZENS-LITOVSKAYA, O.A.; DUBAR', G.P.;

IVANOV, N.V.; KARPOV, N.F.; KOLESNIKOV, Ch.M.; NEFED'YEV, L.P.;

POPOV, G.G.; SHTEMPEL', B.M.; KIRYUMOV, V.V.; LAVROV, V.V.;

SAL'NIKOV, B.A.; MONAKHOVA, L.P.[deceased]; MURATOV. M.V.;

GORSKIY, I.I., glav. red.; GUSEV, A.I., red.; MOLCHANOV, I.I.,

red.; TIZHNOV, A.V., red.; SHABAROV, N.V., red.; YAVORSKIY, V.I.,

red.; REYKHERT, L.A., red.; ZAMARAYEVA, R.A., tekhn. red

[Atlas of maps of coal deposits of the U.S.S.R.] Atlas kart ugle-nakopleniia na territorii SSSR. Glav. red. I.I.Gorskii. Zam. glav. red. V.V.Mokrinskii. Chleny red. kollegii: F.A.Bochkovskiy i dr. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1962. 17 p.

(MIRA 16:3)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Laboratoriya geologii uglya. 2. Chlenkorrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Muratov). (Coal geology—Maps)

THE RESIDENCE THE RESOLUTION OF THE PROPERTY O

SLATVINSKAYA, Yelena Alekseyevna; Prinimali uchastiye: MONAKHOVA, L.P.;
ISHINA, T.A.; PECKENKO, A.A., doktor geol. miner.nauk, otv.red.;
DELMATOV, P.S., red.izd.va; SOKOKINA, V.A., tekhn.red.

[Conditions governing the formation of the coal-bearing
Carboniferous in central Kazekhstan; Ak-Kuduk and Ashlarik series]
Usloviia obrazovaniia uglenosnogo karbona TSentralinogo Kazakhstana;
akkudukskaia i ashliarikskaia svity. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR,
1962. J26 p. 16 plates. (Akademiia nauk SSSR. Laboratoriia
geologii uglia, Trudy, no.14).

(Kazakhstan-Coal geology)

PETRENKO, A.A., gornyy inzh.; SMIRNOV, V.N., gornyy inzh.

Practice of using hardening filler in a mine. Gor. zhur. no.9:
32-34 5 '62. (Mine filling)

GORELIK, L.V., kand, tekhn. nauk; PETRENKO, A.A., inzh.

Microanisotropy of water saturated sands. Izv. VNIIG 76:299-304

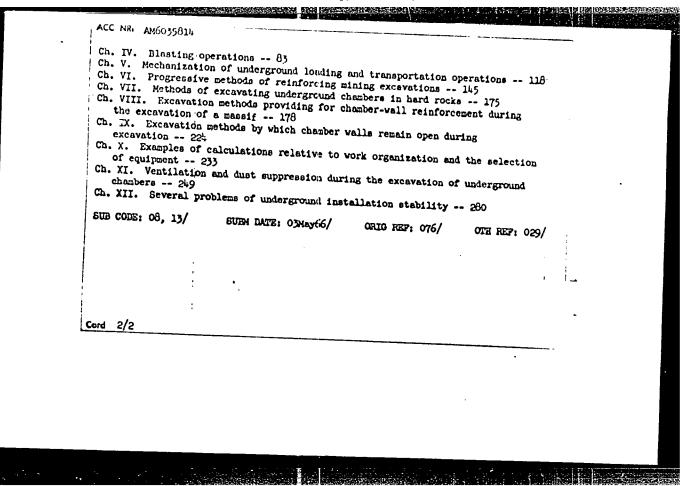
(MIRA 18:10)

PETRENKO, A.A. [deceased]

Features of Carboniferous geotectonic movements in the Urals and trans-Urals. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv. 7 no.12: 45-47 D '64. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Laboratoriya geologii uglya Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledova-tel'skogo geologicheskogo instituta.

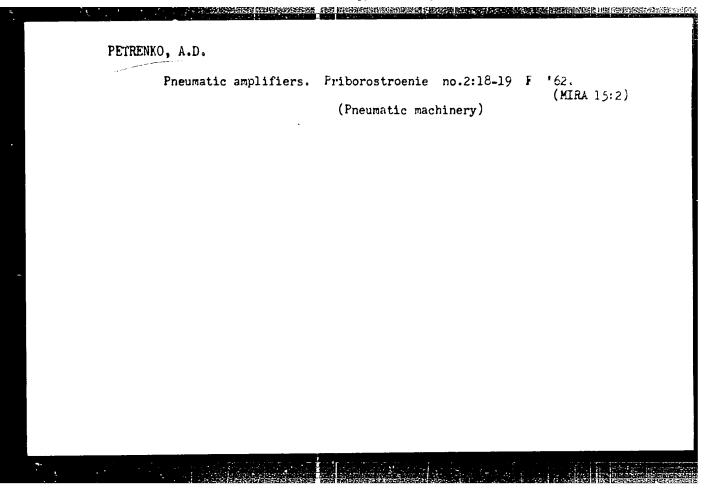
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Mefodly	evich; Vol	l'ftrub, Io	reyev, Vanily Vanil'yevic neif Arturovich; Sadkovic lch; Petranko, Andrey Afa	h, Yan Fedorovich;	
			ructures (Stroitel'stvo 266. 293 p. illus., bibl	podzemnykh sooruzheniy) 10. 2450 copies printed.	!
TOPIC TAGS	: Con	struction	, mining engineering		
of cons problem of mine lems of	truction, as of build -construction conduction	scientific ding under tion organ ng mining (e-research, and design or ground installations; it izations. In the book ar	can also be used by workers e discussed the basic prob- struction of underground in	•
TABLE OF C	ONTENTS (abridged]			
ground Ch. II. F of unde	chambers Foreign ex erground c	9 perience i: hambers	n conducting mining opera	during construction of unde	r- ' <u>-</u>
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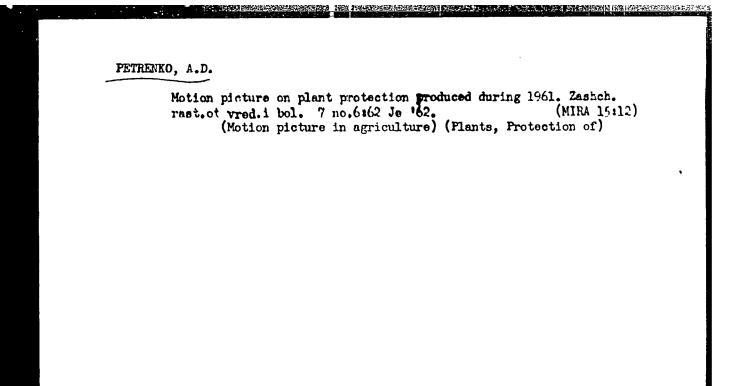


PETRENKO, A. D.

Motion pictures on plant protection. Zashch. rast. ot wred. 1 bol. 6 no.6:63 Je '61. (MIRA 16:4)

(Motion pictures in agriculture)
(Plants, Protection of)

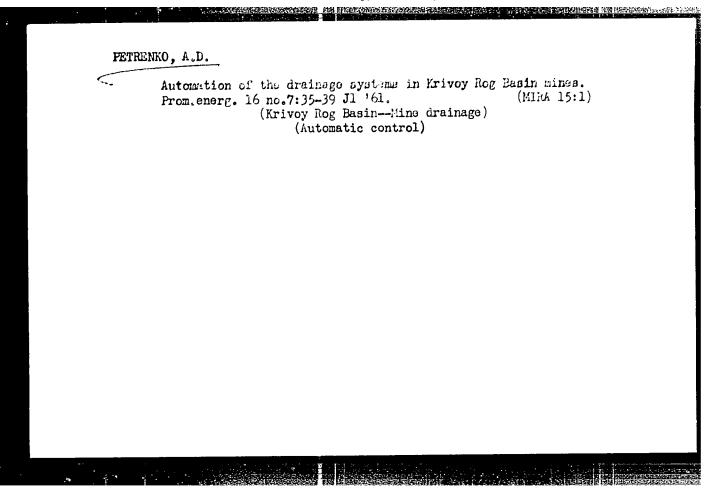




PETRENKO, A.D.

Motion pictures on plant protection. Zashch. rast. ot vred.
i bol. 8 no.4:60 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:10)

(Motion pictures in agriculture)



S/119/62/000/002/006/010 D201/D301

AUTHOR:

Petrenko, A.D.

TITLE:

Pneumatic amplifiers

PERIODICAL:

Priborostroyeniye, no. 2, 1962, 18-19

The author describes the pneumatic power and power TEXT: pressure amplifiers for the automatic control systems developed at the NIITeplopribor. The dimensions and weight of the power amplifier unit are $46 \times 46 \times 38$ mm and 0.6 kg respectively, those of the power and pressure amplifier 50 x 50 x 48 mm and 0.75 kg. The principle of operation of the pneumatic power amplifier is as follows: The supply air enters the high pressure chamber, from which it goes through a ball valve to the output chambers. The pressure in these is determined by the effective area of a diaphragm and the force of a spring. At this pressure the air passes through a constant throttle into a chamber and into the nozzle circuit pressure in the circuit increases, a second diaphragm closes the

Card 1/2

Pneumatic amplifiers

S/119/62/000/002/006/010 D201/D301

second ball valve of the outlet into the atmosphere and the first diaphragm opens the ball power valve. The pressure in the chambers increases until the equilibrium of forces at the diaphragms is restored. In this manner a unit pressure increase in the circuit of the nozzle corresponds to a unit pressure increase of the output pressure, i.e. there is a constant pressure difference at the nozzle. The principle of operation of the pneumatic power and pressure amplifier is also described. Statistical characteristics of the amplifiers are given. Both amplifiers are in use with mass produced instruments at the 'Tizpribor' plant of the Mosgorsovnarkhoz and at the Teplokontrol plant of the Tatarskiy sovnarkhoz. There are

Card 2/2

TO SECURITION OF THE PROPERTY ENT(1)/ENT(m)/EFF(n)-2/ETC(m)-6 WW/JW/RM ACC NR: AH6007924 Monograph Petrenko, Aleksandr Dmitriyevich 62 61 Principles of heat engineering and marine power installations (Osnoyv teplotekh-13+1 niki i sudovyye silovyye ustanovki) [Leningrad] Izd-vo "Sudostroyeniye", 1965. 362 p. illus., biblio. Textbook for shipbuilding institutes. 4000 copies TOPIC TAGS: marine engineering, marine power plant, steam turbine, gas turbine, internal-combustion engine, thermodynamics, fuel, heat engineering, ship component, shipbuilding engineering PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This textbook is intended for students in nonengineering specialties in shipbuilding, marine, and arctic-navigation schools; it may also be used in command-staff schools of the merchant and river fleets. Principles of heat engineering are presented, and the construction and operating principles of main and auxiliary marine power plants are reviewed. Heat diagrams and data necessary for the proper selction and placement of marine power plants are discussed together with basic information on their automation. Particular attention is given to marine steam and gas turbines. The author acknowledges the assistance of engineers Yu. V. Orlov and N. V. Samoylov in preparing the textbook. VDC: 629.12.02

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1 25580-66
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ACC NR:
TABLE OF CONTENTS [abridged]:
Foreword -- 3
Introduction. General information on marine power plants and engineering thermo-
  dynamics -- 5
Part One. Principles of Heat Engineering -- 12
  Ch. I. Heat Energy. Basic parameters of state of gaseous media.
                                                                    The first
          law of thermodynamics -- 12
  Ch. II. Gas laws -- 19
  Ch. III. The heat capacity of games - 24
  Ch. IV. Thermodynamic processes of gases -- 40
  Ch. V. Cyclic processes. The second law of thermodynamics -- 57
  Ch. VI. The thermodynamics of water vapor -- 79
  Ch. VII. Heat transfer -- 98
 Part Two. Marine Power Plants -- 110
   Ch. VIII. Fuel -- 110
   Ch. IX. Marine steam boilers -- 117
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Ch. XI. Ch. XII Ch. XIV	Marine steam piston Marine turbines Marine internal-co Marine auxiliary Marine shafts and Specific features o	mbustion engine machinery 26 power transmiss	s 226 8 ion to the prop plants 304	
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AUTHOR: Petrenko, A.G., Smirnova, A.V. and Kurtova, L.A. 133-5-18/27
TITLE: Plasticity of cold rolled transformer steel (Plastichnost' kholodnokatanoy transformatornoy stali)

PERIODICAL: "Stal'" (Steel) 1957, No.5, pp. 453 - 456 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: An investigation of the microstructure of specimens of cold rolled transformer steel, produced in the Kuznetsk works and rolled in the Novosibirsk works, was carried out. It was found that along the grain boundaries and inside siliconferrite grains a carbide phase containing silicon was present. In specimens of unsatisfactory plasticity the separated carbide phase of a peculiar form is situated along grain boundaries and inside grains, while in specimens with satisfactory plasticity the carbide phase is separated in the form of globules, mainly inside the grains of silicon ferrite. Total proportion of the carbide phase in brittle specimens is higher than in non-brittle ones. Secondary heat treatment at 750 - 850 C decreases the amount of carbide phase and increases the plasticity of steel. The microstructures of various specimens with an indication of the etching method used is shown in Figs. 1-6. There are 6 figures and 4 references, 2 of which

Card 1/2

Plasticity of cold rolled transformer steel. (Cont.)
ASSOCIATION: TSNIICHM
AVAILABLE:
Card 2/2



[Harvesting, drying, storing, and primary processing of yellow cigarette tobacco] Uborks, sushka, khranenie i pervichnsis obrabotka sheltykh papirosnykh tabakov. Moskva, Pishchapromisdat, 1950. 79 p.

(Tobacco)

L 13790-65 EWT(1)/EEC(b)-2/EWA(h) Peb SSD/AFWL/RAEM(1)/ESD(c)/ESD(dp)/

ESD(ga)/ESD(t)

ACCESSION NR: AP4047247

8/0142/64/007/004/0504/0511

AUTHOR: Petrenko, A. I.; Yeliseyev, V. K.

TITLE: Electrical design of the elements of a photoelectric image converter tube

SOURCE: IVUZ. Radiotekhnika, v. 7, no. 4, 1964, 504-511

TOPIC TAGS: image tube, image tube design

ABSTRACT: Based on recent (1954-59) Western sources, an analysis of the factors influencing the parameters of the output signals of image converter tubes is presented. The effect of the finite size of the flying spot on the tube passband is considered. Techniques used for stabilizing the electron-beam tube and multiplier phototube are discussed, as well as the reflected-light spectrum and screen afterglow. The forming of output pulses by a variable-threshold limiter is described in accordance with a previously published Soviet work (S. V. Svechnikov, IVUZ-Radiotekhnika, 1959, 2, no. 1, 80). Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 10 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 16Apr63

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 004

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 004

Card 1/1

PETRENKO, B.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Electric discharge in sparkproof circuits. Mekh. i avtcz. v gor.
prom. no.3:300-317 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

PETRENKO, B.A., kand. teMm. nauk

Sparkproof features of electric networks containing inductance and capacitance. Nauch. soob. ICD 18:164-172
163. (MIRA 16:11)

